## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

## LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (currently amended): An A process for forming an image-receiving sheet for electrophotography, comprising the steps of:

forming a support by coating a resin on at least one side of a base; and

forming at least one toner-image-receiving layer over the resin layer by applying a self-dispersing water-dispersible polyester resin emulsion which satisfies the following properties (1) to (4) on the resin layer:

- (1) number average molecular weight (Mn) = 5000 to 10000:
- (2) molecular weight distribution (weight average molecular weight/number average molecular weight) ≤ 4;
  - (3) glass transition temperature (Tg) =  $40^{\circ}$ C to  $100^{\circ}$ C; and
  - (4) volume average particle diameter = 20 nm to 200 nm.

wherein the image-receiving sheet for electrophotography comprises:

thea base;

thea resin layer;

thea support which comprises the resin layer disposed on at least one side of the base; and at least one the toner-image-receiving layer over the support, and

wherein the resin layer arranged between the toner-image-receiving layer and the base contains at least one polyethylene resin having a mass-average density of 0.935 g/cm<sup>3</sup> or less,

and

at least one polyethylene resin having a melt flow rate (MFR) of 11 g/10 min. or less, provided that if the resin layer contains a mixture of two or more polyethylene resins, the mixture of two or more polyethylene resins has an MFR of 11 g/10 min. or less, and

the toner-image-receiving layer contains a thermoplastic resin in the form of a self-dispersing water-dispersible polyester resin emulsion which satisfies the following properties (1) to (4):

- (1) number average molecular weight (Mn) = 5000 to 10000;
- (2) molecular-weight-distribution (weight-average molecular weight/number-average molecular weight)≤4;
  - (3) glass transition temperature (Tg) = 40°C to 100°C; and
  - (4) volume average particle diameter = 20 nm to 200 nm.
- 2. (currently amended): AnThe process for forming an electrophotographic imagereceiving sheet according to Claim 1, wherein the at least one polyethylene resin having a massaverage density of 0.935 g/cm<sup>3</sup> or less has a mass-average density of 0.925 g/cm<sup>3</sup> or less.
  - 3. (canceled).

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4.

(currently amended): An The process for forming an electrophotographic image-

receiving sheet according to Claim 1, wherein the polyethylene resin having a melt flow rate

(MFR) of 11 g/10 min. or less has a melt flow rate of 2 to 10 g/10 min.

(currently amended): AnThe process for forming an electrophotographic image-

receiving sheet according to Claim 1, wherein the resin layer arranged between the toner-image-

receiving layer and the base contains at least two polyethylene resins having different mass-

average densities.

5.

6. (currently amended): AnThe process for forming an electrophotographic image-

receiving sheet according to Claim 1, wherein the resin layer of the support is formed by melt

extrusion coating.

7. (currently amended): An-The process for forming an electrophotographic image-

receiving sheet according to Claim 1, wherein a content of polyethylene resin in the resin layer

arranged between the toner-image-receiving layer and the base is 60% by mass or more.

Claims 8-9 (canceled).

10. (withdrawn): An image-receiving sheet for electrophotography, comprising:

a support; and

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at least one toner-image-receiving layer over the support, wherein the toner-image-

receiving layer contains a polyolefin resin.

11. (withdrawn): An image-receiving sheet for electrophotography according to

Claim 10, wherein an amount of the polyolefin resin in the toner-image-receiving layer is 60 %

by mass or more.

12. (withdrawn): An image-receiving sheet for electrophotography according to

Claim 10, wherein the toner-image-receiving layer is formed by melt extrusion coating.

(withdrawn): An image-receiving sheet for electrophotography according to 13.

Claim 10, wherein the support is selected from raw paper, synthetic paper, synthetic resin sheet,

coated paper, and laminated paper.

14. (withdrawn): An image-receiving sheet for electrophotography according to

Claim 1, wherein a toner to be received by the toner-image-receiving layer comprises a binder

resin and a colorant, wherein a volume average particle diameter of the toner is from 0.5 μm to

10 μm and volume average particle size distribution index (GSDv) is 1.3 or less.

15. (withdrawn): An image-receiving sheet for electrophotography according to Claim 14, wherein a ratio (GSDv/GSDn) of the volume average particle size distribution index (GSDv) of the toner to a number average particle size distribution index (GSDv) is 0.95 or more.

16. (withdrawn): An image-receiving sheet for electrophotography according to Claim 14, wherein the volume average particle diameter of the toner is from 0.5  $\mu$ m to 10  $\mu$ m and an average value of shape indices of the toner is from 1.00 to 1.50, wherein the shape index is defined by the following formula:

Shape index = 
$$(\pi \times L^2)/(4 \times S)$$

wherein "L" represents a maximum length of a toner particle and "S" represents a projected area of the toner particle.

- 17. (withdrawn): An image-receiving sheet for electrophotography according to Claim 14, wherein the toner is manufactured by a process comprising:
- (i) forming aggregated particles in a dispersion in which resin particles are dispersed, so as to prepare aggregated particle dispersion;
- (ii) adding and mixing a fine particle dispersion in which fine particles are dispersed, into the aggregated particle dispersion, so as to form adhesion particles in which the fine particles adhere to the aggregated particles; and
  - (iii) heating and fusing the adhesion particles, so as to form toner particles.

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18. (withdrawn): A process for image formation using an image-receiving sheet for electrophotography,

the image-receiving sheet comprising:

a base;

a resin layer;

a support which comprises the resin layer disposed on at least one side of the base; and at least one toner-image-receiving layer over the support,

wherein the resin layer arranged between the toner-image-receiving layer and the base contains at least one polyethylene resin having a mass-average density of 0.935 g/cm<sup>3</sup> or less,

the process comprising the steps of:

forming a toner image on an image-forming surface of the image-receiving sheet for electrophotography;

heating and pressurizing the toner image-bearing surface of the image-receiving sheet for electrophotography using a fixing belt and a fixing roller;

cooling the heated and pressurized toner image-bearing surface; and removing the cooled toner image-bearing surface from the fixing belt.

19. (withdrawn): A process for image formation according to Claim 18, further comprising:

fixing the toner image by a heating roller,

wherein fixing is carried out after the step of forming and before the step of heating and

pressurizing.

20. (withdrawn): A process for image formation according to Claim 18, wherein the

fixing belt comprises:

a fluorocarbon siloxane rubber layer disposed over a surface of the fixing belt; and

an optional silicone rubber layer, wherein the fluorocarbon siloxane rubber layer is

disposed on the silicone rubber layer.

21. (withdrawn): A process for image formation according to Claim 20, wherein the

fluorocarbonsiloxane rubber layer has at least one of perfluoroalkyl ether groups and

perfluoroalkyl groups in its principal chain.

(withdrawn): A process for image formatino using an image-receiving sheet for 22.

electrophotography,

the image-receiving sheet for electrophotography comprising:

a support; and

at least one toner-image-receiving layer over the support, wherein the toner-image-

receiving layer contains a polyolefin resin, wherein an amount of the polyolefin resin in the

toner-image-receiving layer is 60 % by mass or more,

the process comprising:

forming a toner image on an image-forming surface of the image-receiving sheet

for electrophotography;

heating and pressurizing the toner image-bearing surface of the image-receiving

sheet for electrophotography using a fixing belt and a fixing roller;

cooling the heated and pressurized toner image-bearing surface; and

removing the cooled toner image-bearing surface from the fixing belt.

23. (withdrawn): A process for image formation according to Claim 22, wherein the

image-receiving sheet for electrophtography is heated and pressurized at a temperature of from

80 °C to 110 °C by a fixing belt and a fixing roller and released from the fixing belt at a

temperature of 80 °C or less.

24. (withdrawn): A process for image formation according to Claim 22, wherein the

fixing belt comprises:

a fluorocarbon siloxane rubber layer disposed over a surface of the fixing belt; and

an optional silicone rubber layer, wherein the fluorocarbon siloxane rubber layer is

disposed on the silicone rubber layer.

25. (withdrawn): A process for image formation according to Claim 24, wherein the

fluorocarbonsiloxane rubber layer has at least one of perfluoroalkyl ether groups and

perfluoroalkyl groups in its principal chain.